

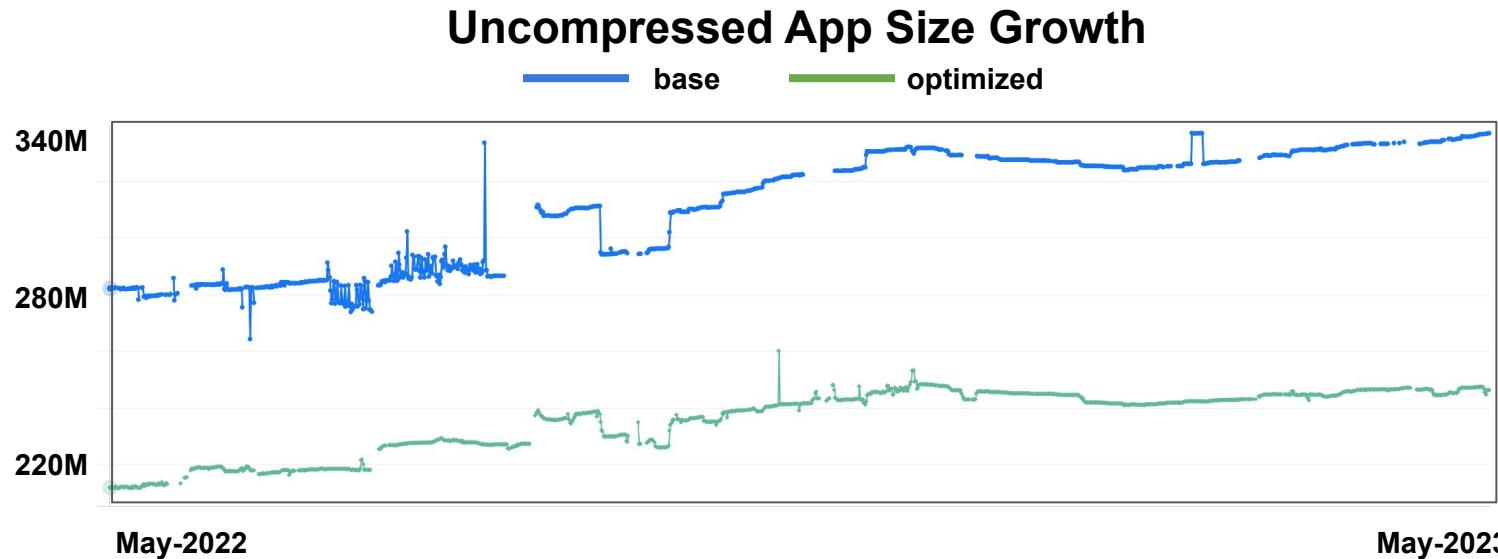
# Practical Global Merge Function with ThinLTO

Kyungwoo Lee, Manman Ren, Sharon Xu, Ellis Hoag



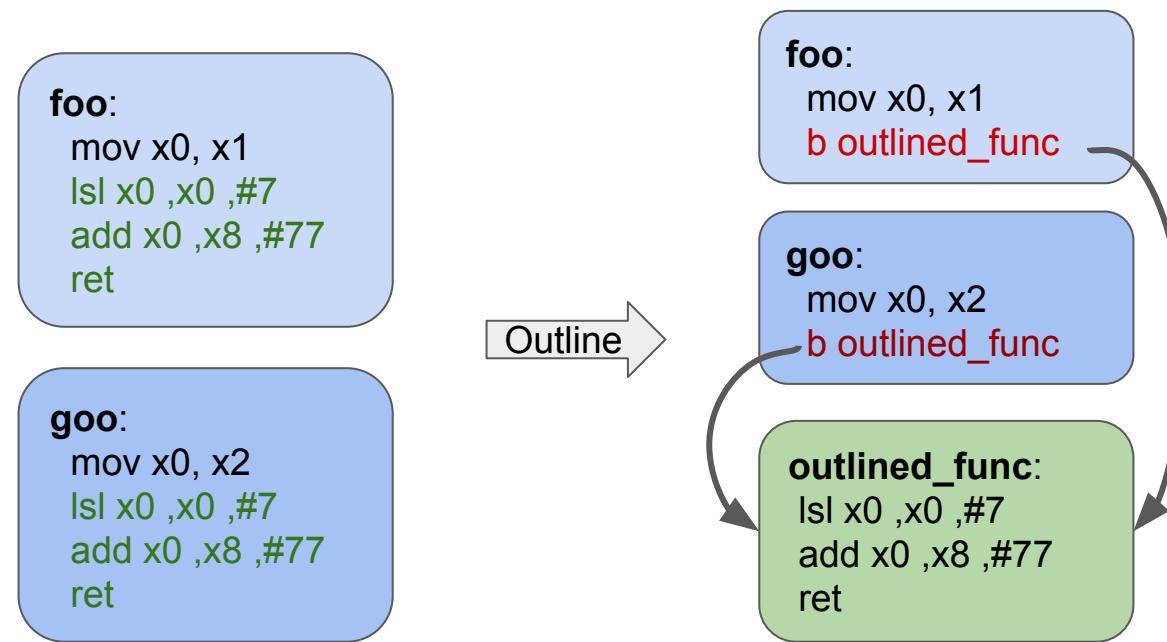
## App Size Continues to Grow

- Large and slow apps impact user experience and user retention
  - Code size optimizations (e.g., outlining or merging) are critical!



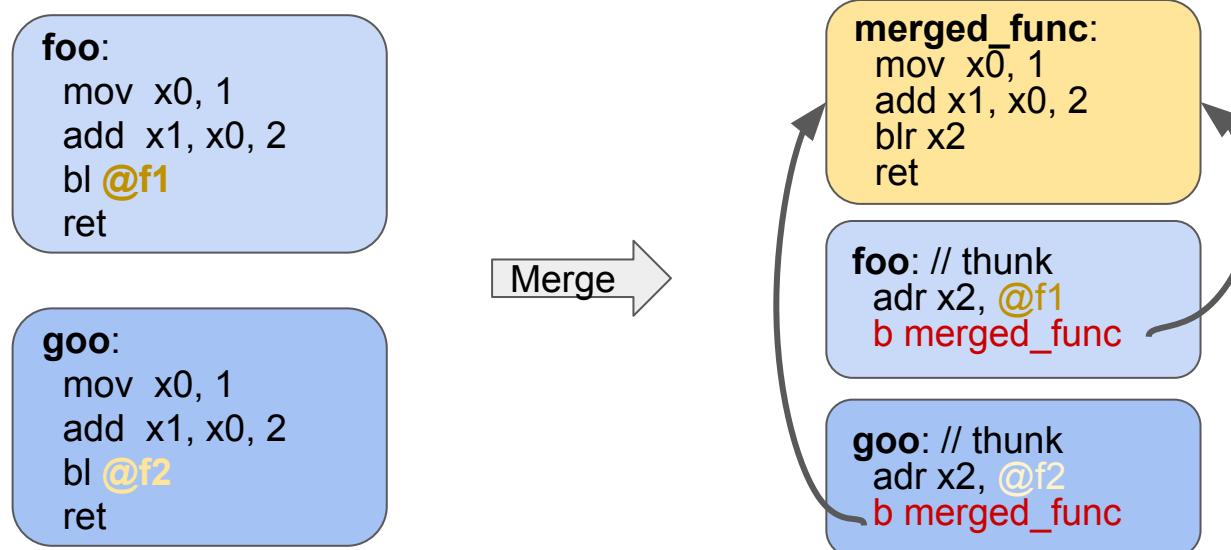
# Function Outliner

- Outline the identical code sequence into a call
- IR Outliner (Opt) vs. **Machine Outliner (CodeGen)**



# Function Merger

- Merge identical functions, effectively similar to the linker's ICF
- Can merge *similar* functions by parameterizing Constant [1]



[1] Merge similar functions for swift, <https://github.com/apple/swift/blob/main/lib/LLVMPasses/LLVMMergeFunctions.cpp>

# Function Merger vs. (Machine) Function Outliner in LLVM

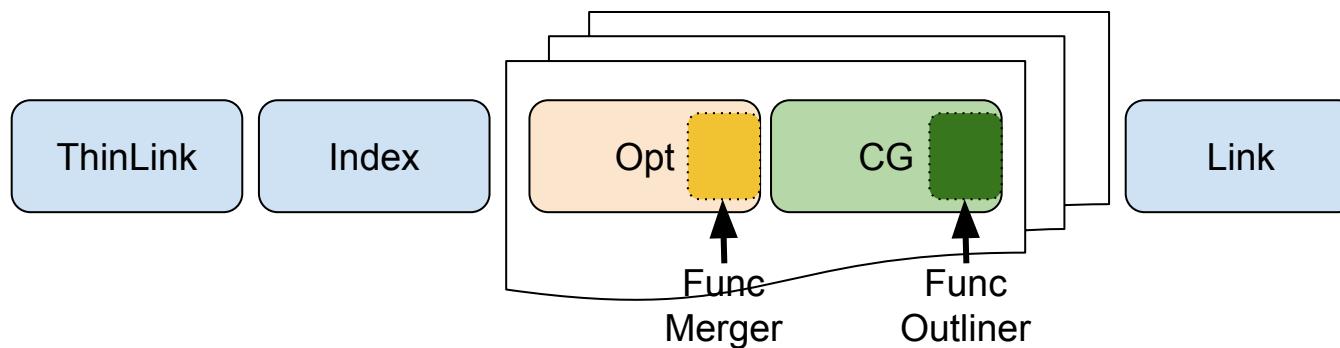
	<b>Function Merger</b>	<b>Function Outliner</b>
<b>Pass</b>	Opt (IR)	Codegen (Machine IR)
<b>Scope</b>	Entire Function	Block or code sequence
<b>Match</b>	Identical or Similar	Identical
<b>Call/Frame overhead</b>	High	Low
<b>Code size impact</b>	Low - Medium	High
<b>Debug/Metadata concern</b>	High	Low
<b>ThinLTO applicability</b>	?	Yes [2]

# Our Design of Global Function Merger

- Effective in addition to (machine) function outliner and linker's ICF
  - Function merger targets *similar* functions
  - Function outliner handles *dissimilar* functions while outlining identical blocks
  - *Identical* functions can be folded either from function merger or linker's ICF
- Scalable with ThinLTO
  - Use a summary, *StableFunction* to track the *similarity* of functions
  - Create a *unique* merge instance within each module
  - Emit thunks without changing call-sites, to prevent invalidating summaries
- Practical for the production use
  - Sound in the presence of IR and summary mismatches
  - Maintain the integrity of merged function as possible to retain debug info or metadata.

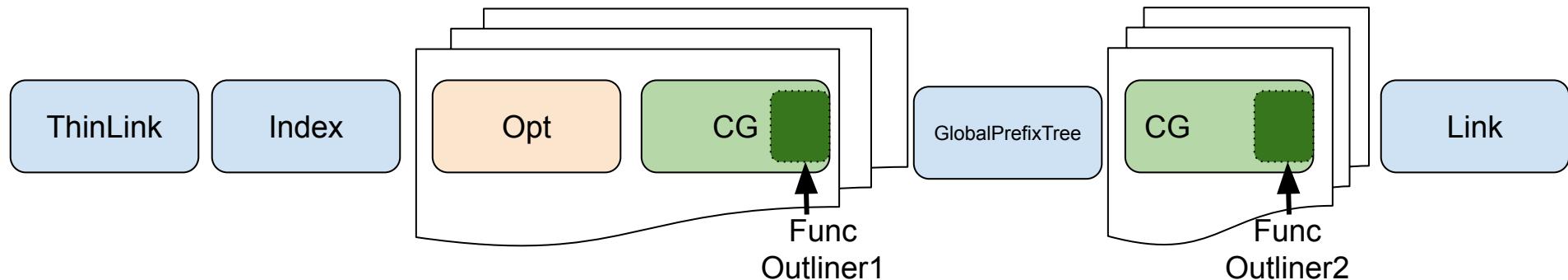
# Overview of ThinLTO Pipeline

- Opt + Codegen (CG) for each module run in parallel
- Func Merger is at a late Opt (IR) pass
- Function Outliner is at a late Codgen (Machine IR) pass



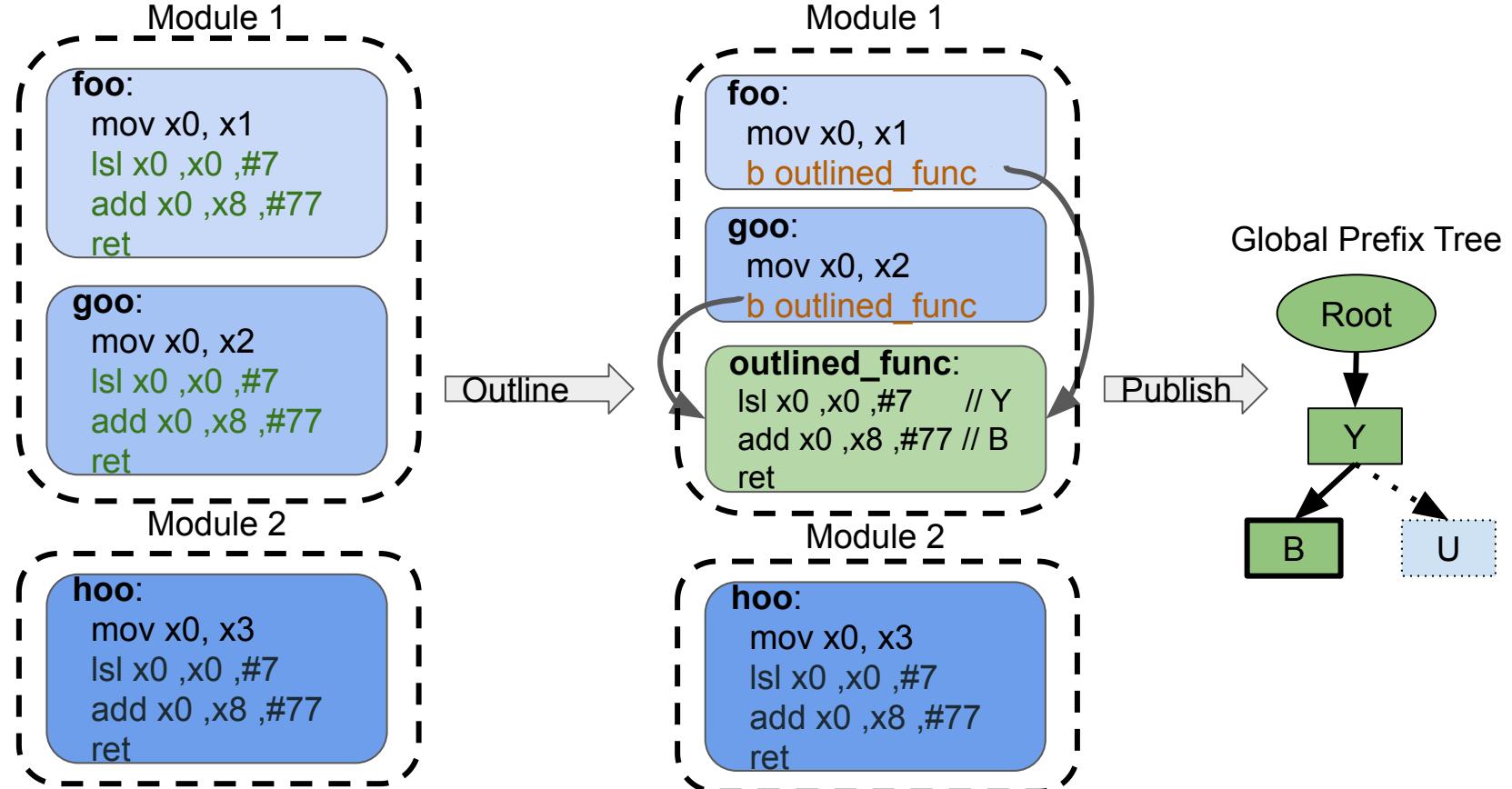
# Overview of ThinLTO + Global Func Outliner [2]

- Run two-codegen (CG) rounds for (machine) function outliner
  - The 1st outlining runs **locally** and publishes stable hashes of local outlining instances
  - The 2nd outlings finds **cross-module** candidates matched in the global prefix tree
  - Linker folds identically outlined functions.

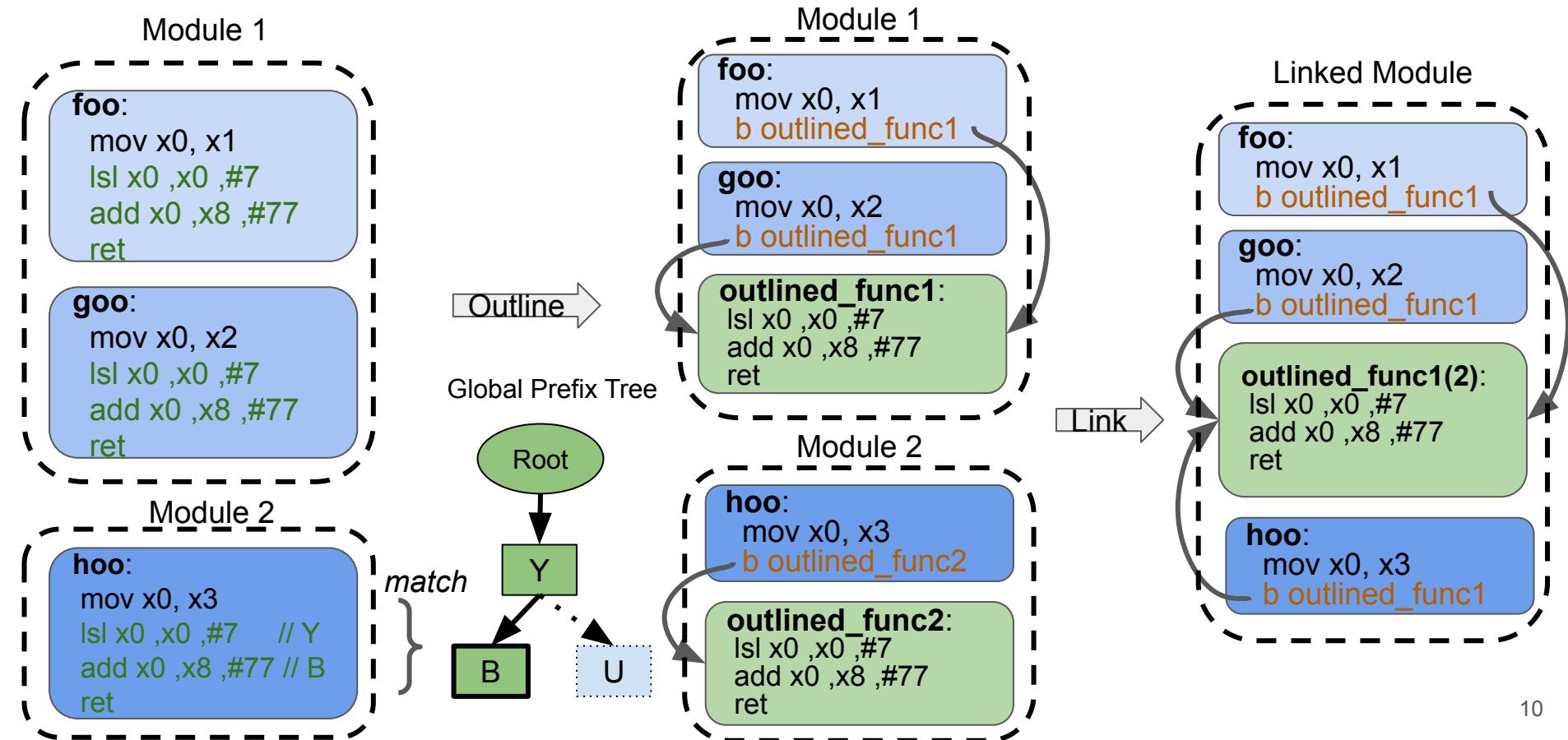


[2] Efficient Profile-Guided Size Optimization for Native Mobile Applications, CC2022. <https://doi.org/10.1145/3497776.3517764>

# ThinLTO + Global Func Outliner (1st CG)

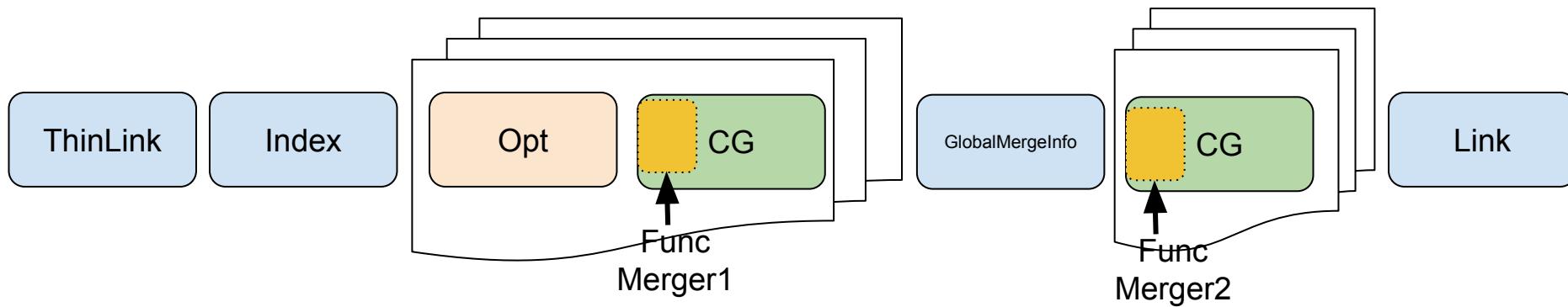


# ThinLTO + Global Func Outliner (2nd CG)



# ThinLTO + Global Func Merger

- Push down function merger from Opt to the pre-CG hook
- Run two-codegen (CG) rounds for function merger
  - The 1st CG just **analyzes** functions to compute *StableFunction*
  - The 2nd CG actually **merges** functions using *GlobalMergeInfo*



# ThinLTO + Global Func Merger (1st CG)

- Compute *StableFunction* which is independent of IR
- Publish it to a global state, *GlobalMergeInfo*

```
struct StableFunction {
    /// Stable hash ignoring Const for eligible ops.
    uint64_t StableHash = 0;

    /// Function name
    std::string Name;

    /// Module identifier
    std::string ModuleIdentifier;

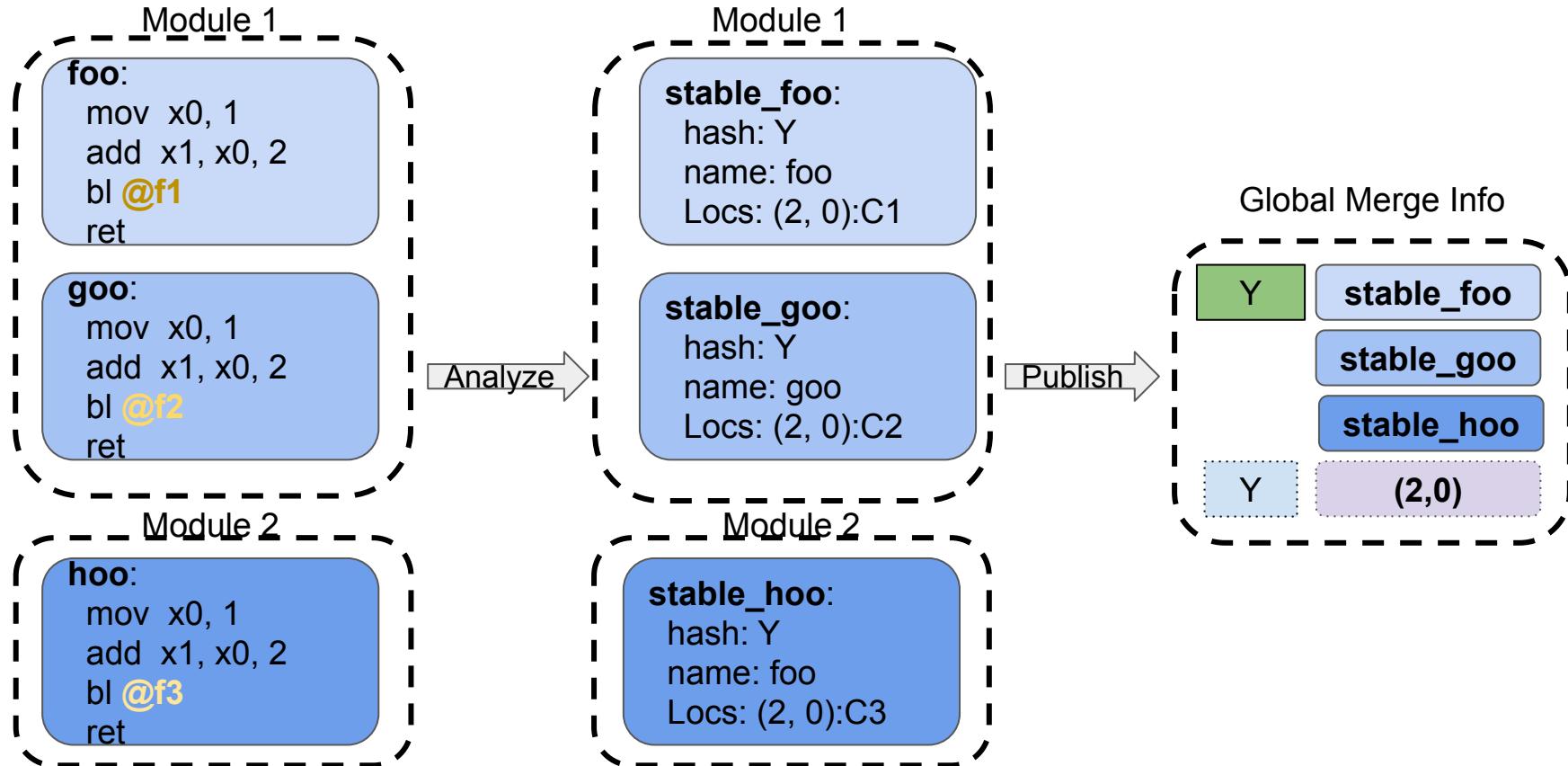
    /// Map of (inst, opnd) indices to the Const hash
    InstOpndIdConstHashMapTy InstOpndIndexToConstHash;
    ...
};
```

# ThinLTO + Global Func Merger (GlobalMergeInfo)

- All stable functions are registered to *StableHashToStableFuncs*
- Once joined, determine *StableHashParams* that will supply original Constants

```
struct GlobalMergeInfo {  
    /// A map from stable function hash to stable functions.  
    StableHashToStableFuncsTy StableHashToStableFuncs;  
  
    /// A map from stable function hash to parameters pointing  
    /// to the pair of (instruction, operand) indices.  
    StableHashParamsTy StableHashParams;  
  
    /// mutex when updating the global merge function info.  
    std::mutex MergeMutex;  
    ...  
};
```

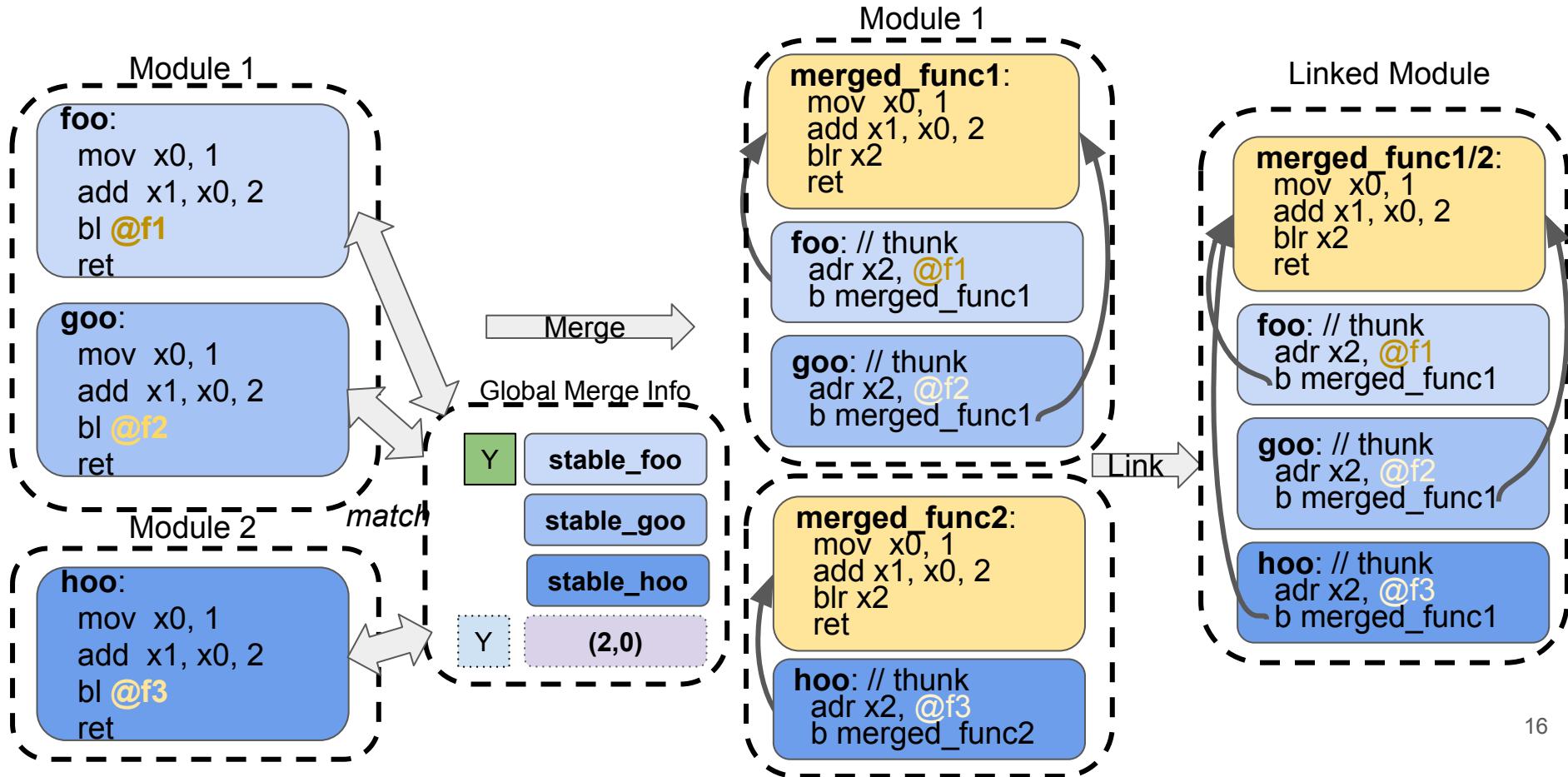
# ThinLTO + Global Func Merger (1st CG)



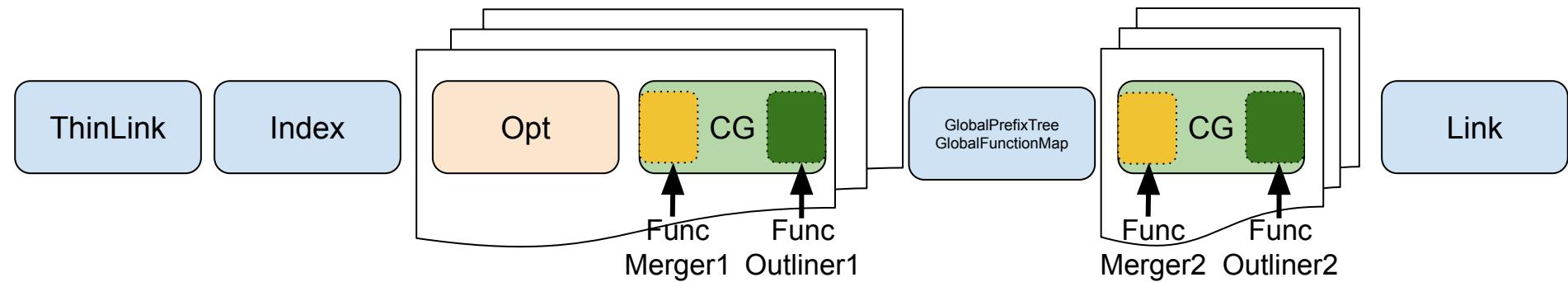
# ThinLTO + Global Func Merger (2nd CG)

- Optimistically merge functions using *GlobalMergeInfo*
  - Find a set of *StableFunctions* matched in the current module
  - Ensure those functions are mergeable with IRs by a local merge function (LMF)
  - The first function supplies the body of a (local) *merged\_function* while the original functions become thunks.
- Linker folds identically *merged\_functions* via ICF (deduplication).

# ThinLTO + Global Func Merger (2nd CG)



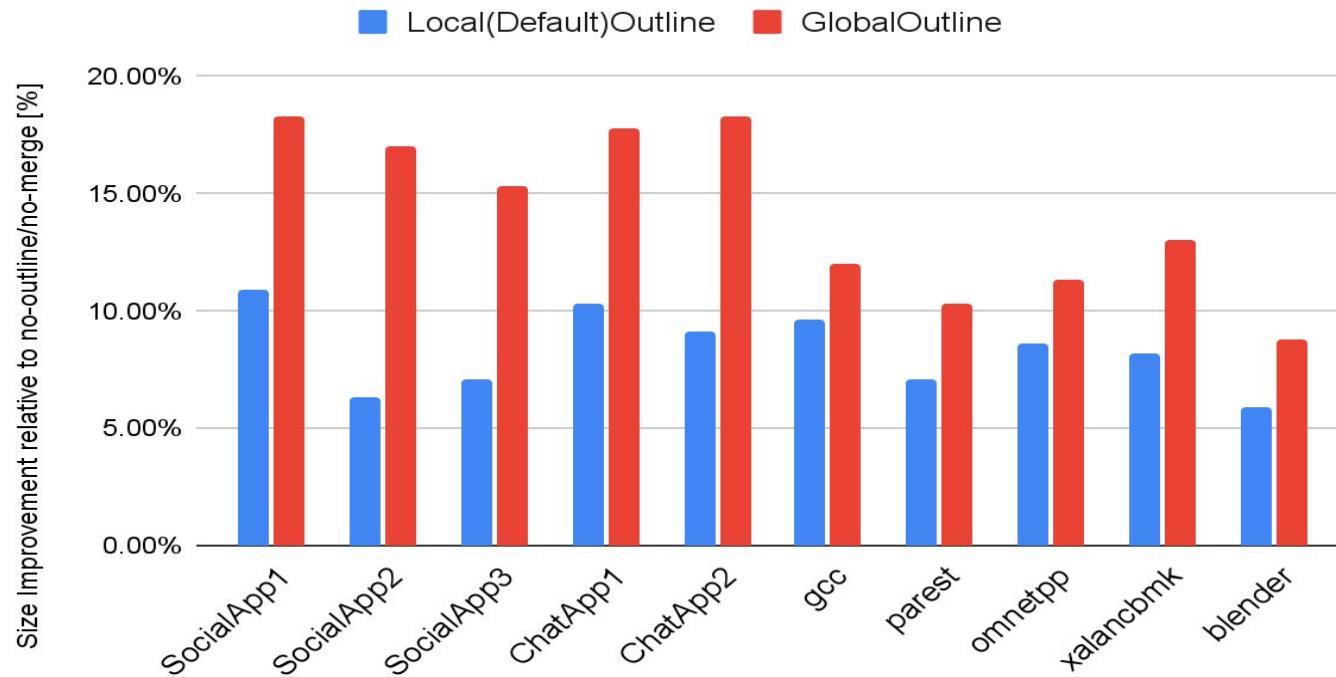
# ThinLTO + Global Func Merger + Global Func Outliner



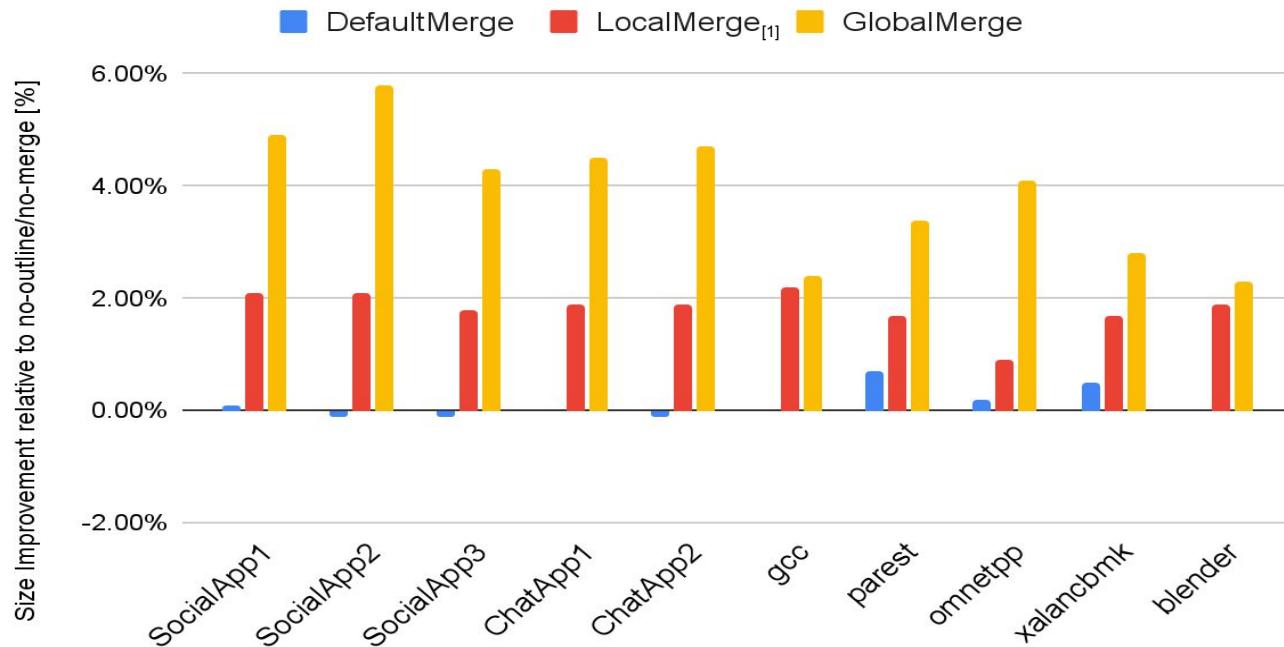
# Evaluation

- Benchmarks compiled with -Oz + ThinLTO
  - Mobile Apps (iOS)
    - Objective-C/Swift
    - Code size ranges from 50M to 200M
  - Spec CPU@2017 (MacOS)
    - C/C++
    - Code size range is < 10M
- Size Saving from Function Outlining and/or Function Merge
- ThinLTO time increase for two codegen rounds: 6 ~ 40%
  - Much less than (*full*)LTO time 200% ~ 300%
  - Can avoid two codegen rounds by getting codegen artifacts from the prior builds.

# Function Outlining Saving (/w-o Function Merge)

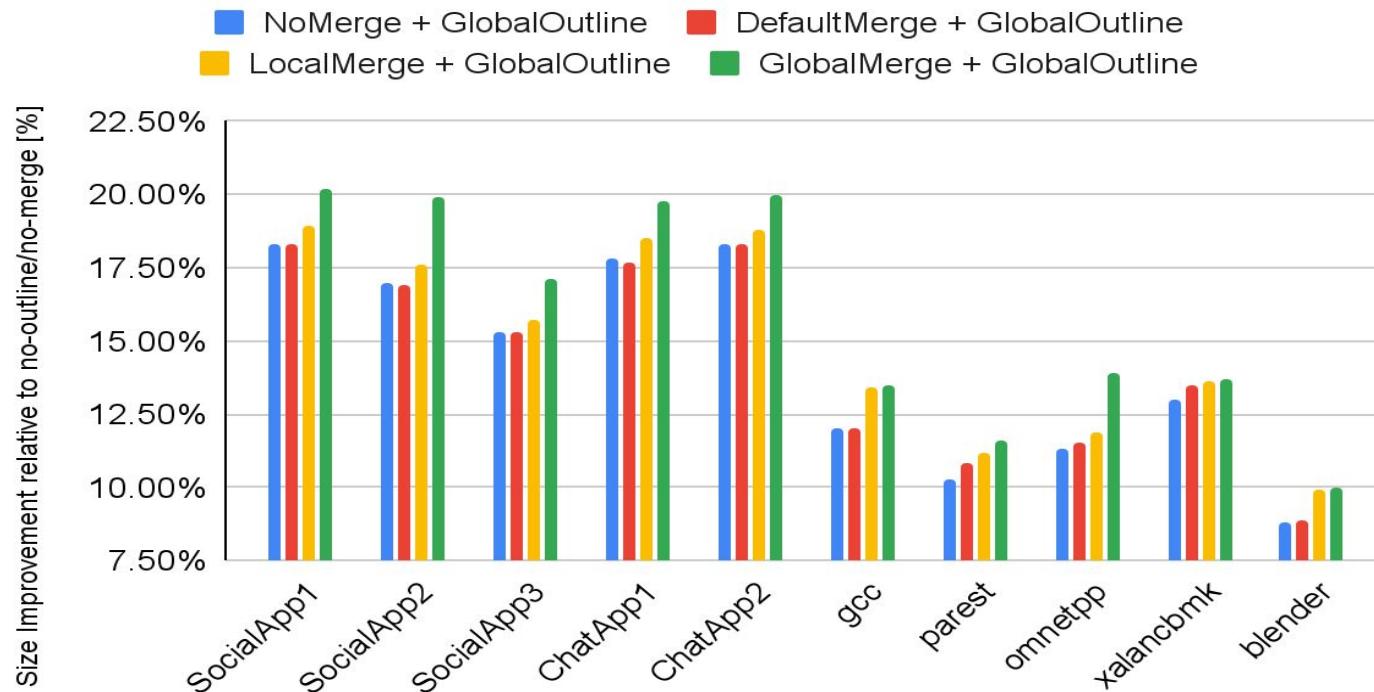


# Function Merge Saving (/w-o Function Outline)



[1] Merge similar functions for swift, <https://github.com/apple/swift/blob/main/lib/LLVMPasses/LLVMMergeFunctions.cpp>

# Function Merge Saving (/w Global Function Outline)



# Summary

- On top of the state-of-the-art outliners [2,3] with ThinLTO + -Oz, evaluated code size reduction on mobile apps:
  - Built-in LLVM merge function: +/- 0.1%
  - Local merge function: 0.4% ~ 1.2%
  - Global merge function: 2.1% ~ 3.5%
- Ongoing/Future work
  - Serialize codegen artifacts for single codegen
  - LD64 vs. LLD integration for Darwin
  - Upstream

[2] Efficient Profile-Guided Size Optimization for Native Mobile Applications, CC2022.

<https://dl.acm.org/doi/10.1145/3497776.3517764>

[3] An experience with code-size optimization for production iOS mobile applications,

<https://dl.acm.org/doi/10.1109/CGO51591.2021.9370306>